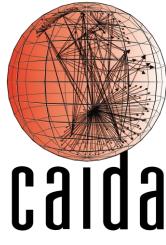
IRR Hygiene in the RPKI Era

Ben Du, Gautam Akiwate, Thomas Krenc, Cecilia Testart, Alexander Marder, Bradley Huffaker, Alex C. Snoeren, KC Claffy

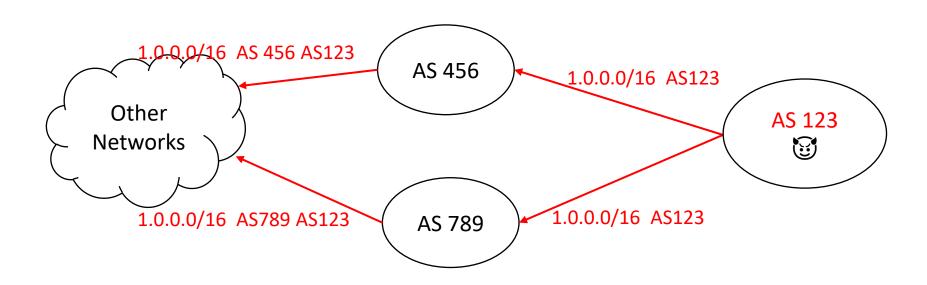






Introduction

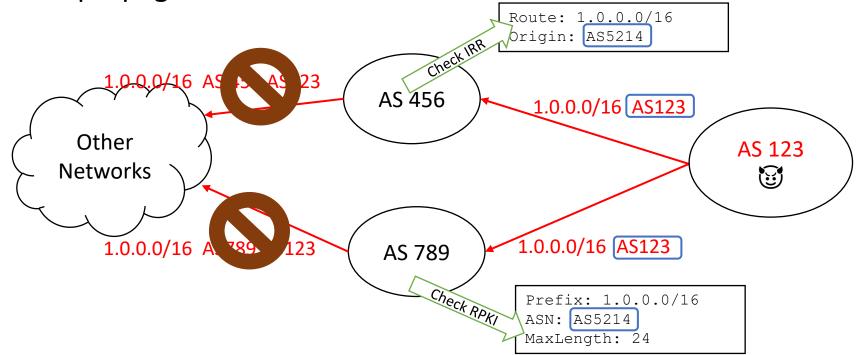
- The Internet Routing Registry (IRR) is designed for sharing routing policy
- The Resource Public Key Infrastructure (RPKI) is designed to improve routing security
- Network operators can use those 2 databases to verify BGP information and prevent the propagation of false BGP announcements



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Route: 1.0.0.0/16

Only works if the information in the databases are correct!

Focus of this Work

No root of trust

Accuracy of IRR information is not guaranteed

IRR RPKI Cryptographically attested 5 RIRs as Trust Anchors Prone to negligence

- Records expire if not maintained
- Networks that only use IRR may develop incorrect route filters

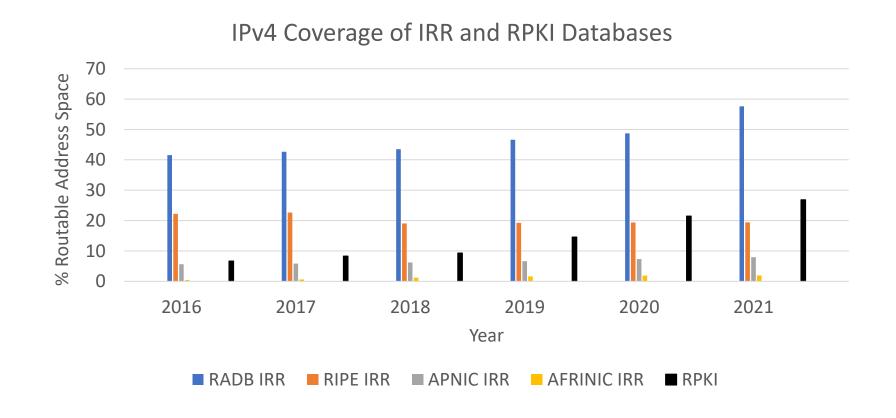
Inaccurate IRR information may pose a risk in routing security

Need to study the scale of inaccurate IRR information

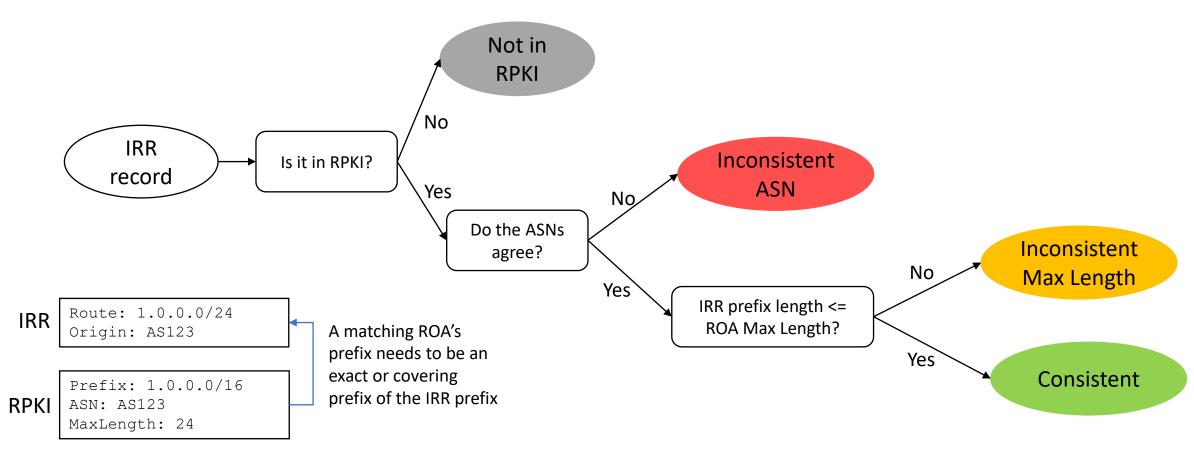
we quantify and analyze the main reasons for inconsistency between IRR and RPKI.

Datasets

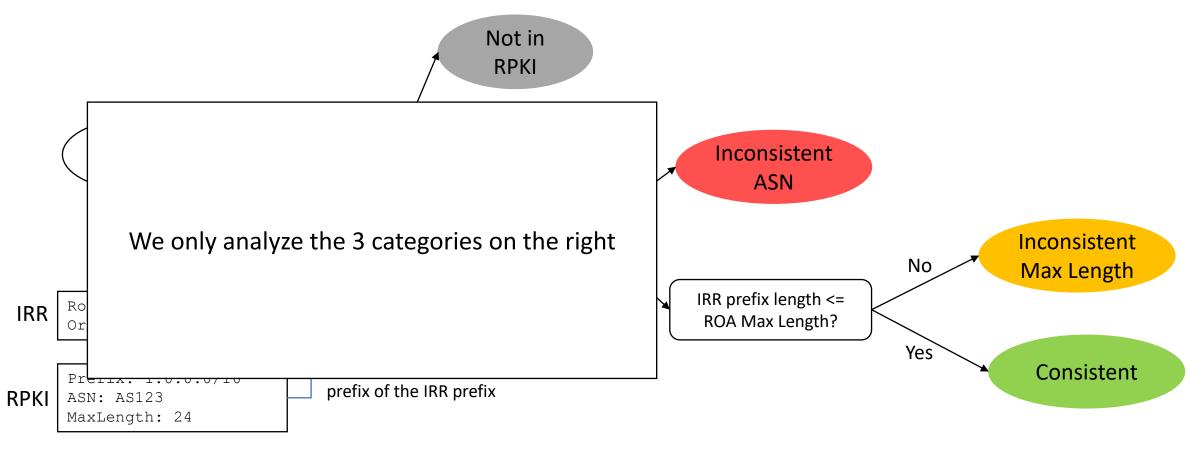
- IRR databases: RADB, RIPE, APNIC, and AFRINIC
- RPKI database: Validated ROA Payloads (VRPs) from all 5 Trust Anchors, published by the RIPE NCC



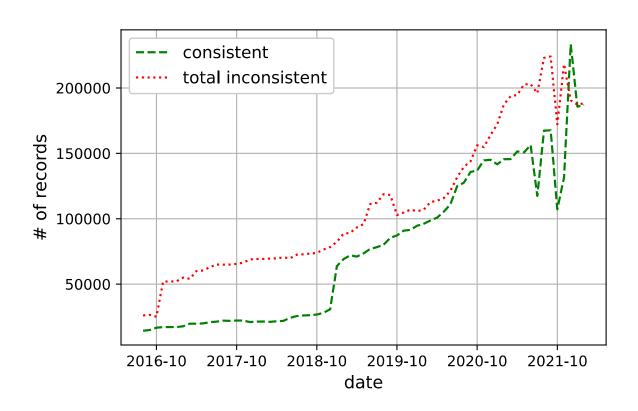
Methodology – Record Classification



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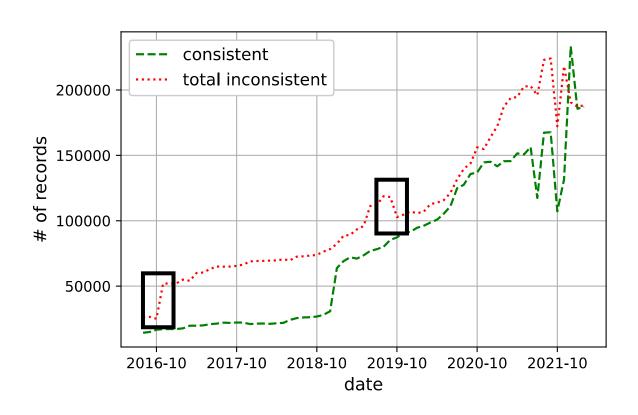


RADB Has More Inconsistency than Consistency



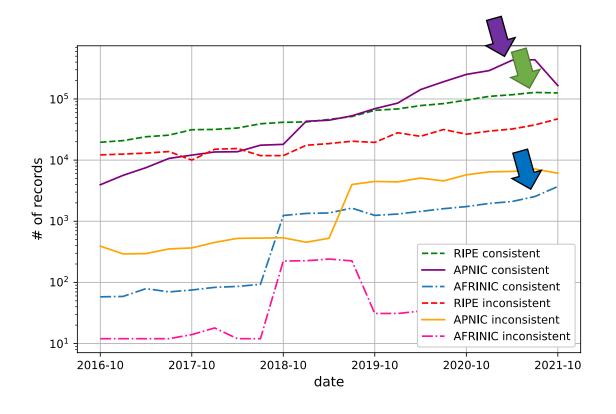
- As of October 2021, 38% of v4 records in RADB with matching ROAs are consistent with RPKI
- We identify some potential causes in the paper
 - Stale records

RADB and RPKI Inconsistency – Verisign Customers



- Verisign customers registered their prefixes and ASes in RPKI in Oct. 2016
- Verisign removed inconsistent records in Sept.
 2019
- Around 26k records were involved in each event

Authoritative IRR Databases Have More Consistency



- As of Oct 2021:
- 73% RIPE IRR records with matching ROAs are consistent with RPKI
- 98% APNIC IRR records are consistent
- 93% AFRINIC IRR records are consistent
- RIRs run an authorization process every time a route object is created

Conclusion

- 62% of RADB v4 records with matching ROAs are inconsistent with RPKI
 - Fragmented prefixes registered in RADB
 - Stale records
 - Neglected customer-provider dynamics
- 27% of RIPE, 2% of APNIC, and 7% of AFRINIC authoritative IRR records with matching ROAs are inconsistent with RPKI
 - IRR database providers could adopt policies that promote good hygiene
- Networks that register in IRR databases should regularly update their records